# **Replication in the Humanities**

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#### 1. What's on the Menu?

- 1.1 Concerns about replication in the biomedical [Bedgley 2012] and social sciences [Open Science Collaboration, 2015]; 'replication crisis' [Baker 2016; KNAW, 2018]
- 1.2 Applies to empirical research (inductive & abductive reasoning) rather than *a priori* work (deductive reasoning)
- 1.3 Causes of failure to successfully replicate
- 1.4 Value of replication
- 1.5 Replication in the humanities? [cf. Peels & Bouter 2018a; 2018b; 2018c]

## 2. The Key-terms

- 2.1 'Humanities'
- 2.2 'Replication study' [KNAW 2018]
- 2.3 Three forms of replication
- 2.4 Distinction between replicability and replication (relation to falsification and falsifiability) [Popper 1965]

## 3. Is Replication Possible in the Humanities?

- 3.1 Conceptual argument
- 3.2 Inductive argument and role of triangulation [Munafò & Smith 2018]:
  - The influence of Gnosticism on Augustine [Van den Berg et al. 2010]
  - Deciphering Egyptian hieroglyphic by comparing the Demotic, hieroglyphic,
     and ancient Greek texts on the Rosetta stone found in 1799 [Ray 2007]

- Studying the chemical composition, colors, and themes of the painting *Sunset at Montmajour*, comparing it with various letters, thereby showing it is a true Van Gogh [Van Tilborgh et al. 2013]
- 3.3 Variety and similarity (as in the sciences)
- 3.4 Objection 1: uniqueness [KNAW 2018]. Twofold reply
- 3.5 Objection 2: The humanities seek meaning beyond truth [De Rijcke & Penders 2018]
- 3.6 *Objection 3*: The objects of the humanities are humans and humans are interactive entities, rather than 'indifferent entities', which makes replication impossible [De Rijcke & Penders 2018]

## 4. Is Replication Desirable in the Humanities?

- 4.1 Yes, for at least six reasons. It can:
  - show that the original study cannot be successfully replicated in the first place;
  - filter out faulty reasoning or misguided interpretations;
  - draw attention to unnoticed crucial differences in study methods;
  - bring new or forgotten old evidence to mind;
  - provide new background knowledge; detect the use flawed research methods
- 4.2 An example: Samuel P. Huntington's 1993 article "The Clash of Civilizations", which he later developed into a book-length argument: *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order* [Huntington 1996].
- 4.3 Replication and showing the need for replication

## 5. Guidelines for Replication in the Humanities

- 5.1 Focus on studies that employ an empirical method
- 5.2 Replicate (i) cornerstone studies, or (ii) a random selection from a sub-discipline
- 5.3 Scrutinize the study's replicability before attempting to replicate it
- 5.4 Attempt to replicate by (i) reanalysis of existing data sets, (ii) collection of new data with the same study protocol (a direct replication), or (iii) collection of new data with a modified study protocol (a conceptual replication)
- 5.5 Opt, if possible, for a conceptual replication, so that triangulation becomes possible
- 5.6 After a replication attempt, re-evaluate the need for further replication

#### 6. Actual Replication in the Humanities at the VU Amsterdam (2021-2022)

6.1 John Henry Brooke *Science and Religion: Some Historical Perspectives* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1991), chapter III

#### 6.2 Two related studies:

- Buijsen, E. (2001). Rembrandt's Self-Portrait with Gorget: an ongoing debate, *Oud Holland Journal for Art of the Low Countries*, 114(2-4), 155-163.
- Wadum, J. (2001). Rembrandt under the Skin. The Mauritshuis Portrait of Rembrandt with Gorget in retrospect, Oud Holland – Journal for Art of the Low Countries, 114(2-4), 164-187.

#### 6.3 Results

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Begley, E. (2012). "Raise Standards for Preclinical Cancer Research", Nature 483, 531-533.

Bouter, L.M. (2018) "Fostering Responsible Research Practices Is a Shared Responsibility of Multiple Stakeholders", *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology* 96, 143-146.

De Rijcke, S., B. Penders. (2018). "Resist Calls for Replicability in the Humanities", Nature 560, 29.

Huntington, S.P. (1996) *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order* (Simon & Schuster: New York).

KNAW Advisory Report Replication Studies available at <a href="https://www.nrin.nl/wp-content/uploads/KNAW-Replication-Studies-15-01-2018.pdf">https://www.nrin.nl/wp-content/uploads/KNAW-Replication-Studies-15-01-2018.pdf</a>.

Munafò, M.R., G. Davey Smith. (2018). "Robust Research Needs Many Lines of Evidence", *Nature* 553, 399-401.

Open Science Collaboration. (2015) *Science* online publication 28 August <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1126/science.aac4716">http://dx.doi.org/10.1126/science.aac4716</a>.

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- ---. (2021). "Replication and Trustworthiness", Accountability in Research: Policies and Quality Assurance, DOI: 10.1080/08989621.2021.1963708.

Popper, K.R. (1965). Conjectures and Refutations (Harper: London).

Ray, J.D. (2007). The Rosetta Stone and the Rebirth of Ancient Egypt (Harvard University Press: Harvard).

Van den Berg, J., et al. (2010). In Search of Truth: Augustine, Manichaeism and other Gnosticism: Studies for Johannes van Oort at Sixty, Nag Hammadi and Manichaean Studies 74 (Brill: Leiden).

Van Tilborgh, L. T. Meedendorp, O. van Maanen. (2013). "'Sunset at Montmajour': A Newly Discovered Painting by Vincent van Gogh", *The Burlington Magazine* 155.1327, 696-705.